

RSS

The Residential State Subsidy line is moved from Aging's budget to the ODMH budget. We do not yet know if the scope of what the funds can be used to purchase has changed or not. Historically, these funds have provided cash assistance and case management to aged, blind, or disabled adults who reside in approved living arrangements including group homes, adult care facilities, residential care facilities, and other facilities licensed by the Ohio Department of Mental Health (ODMH).

SFY '11	SFY '12	SFY '13
\$5,225,417	\$4,702,875	\$4,702,875

Tangible Personal Property Tax Replacement

While more language and details will need to follow, the initial news is not good. Boards and other local governments have been held harmless from the loss of tangible personal property taxes as a result of tax reform. Two state revenue distribution funds (see details below) and a transfer of GRF have been used to hold local governments harmless. The Administration proposes to redirect CAT revenues and kilowatt hour tax to the GRF, thus reducing funds to reimburse local governments.

The Local Government TPP Replacement Fund (Fund 7081) has traditionally received funds from Commercial Activity Tax to help replace revenue to local governments.

SFY '11	SFY '12	SFY '13
\$414,000,000	\$291,000,000	\$181,000,000

Fund 7054 is used to reimburse local governments for property tax revenue lost due to reductions in 2001 in assessment rates on tangible property owned by electric and natural gas utilities.

SFY '11	SFY '12	SFY '13
\$90,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$11,000,000

Local Government Fund

The Local Government Fund (7069) is the primary revenue sharing mechanism to counties.

SFY '11	SFY '12	SFY '13
\$665,000,000	\$526,000,000	\$339,000,000

Property Tax Rollback Reimbursement (110901)

This line item is used to reimburse local governments other than school districts for losses incurred as a result of the 10% and 2.5% "rollback" reductions in real and manufactured home property taxes and as a result of the "homestead exemption" reductions in taxes.

SFY '11	SFY '12	SFY '13
\$592,463,014	\$610,900,000	\$616,000,000

Anticipated Casino Revenue

New line items are created to receive and distribute anticipated casino revenue. They will distribute funds to counties by population, to public schools by population, host cities, and for law enforcement training. The one that can be used for addiction is listed below:

Problem Casino Gambling and Addiction Fund (038629)

This new line item is created to distribute casino revenue to be used for treatment of problem gambling and substance abuse and for related research.

SFY '12
\$226,612

SFY '13
\$5,446,364